

Name _____

Mathematics 1553

Midterm 2

Prof. Margalit

Section E1/Arjun E2/Qianli E3/Kemi E4/Martin E5/Bharat (circle one!)
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1. Answer each of the following questions. You do not need to explain your answer.

Suppose that A is an $n \times n$ matrix that **is not** invertible. Let T be the linear transformation $T(v) = Av$. Which of the following can you conclude? Select all that apply.

- (a) A has two identical columns
- (b) There is a vector b so that $Ax = b$ has infinitely many solutions
- (c) A has a row of zeros
- (d) There are two different vectors u and v in \mathbb{R}^n with $T(u) = T(v)$
- (e) The reduced row echelon form is not the identity

Consider the function $T : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ given by the formula $T(x) = x + 1$. Is T a linear transformation?

YES

NO

Consider the linear transformation $T : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ given by reflection about the line $y = 2x$. Is T invertible?

YES

NO

Let V be the first quadrant of \mathbb{R}^2 . In other words $V = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} : x \geq 0 \text{ and } y \geq 0 \right\}$.

Is V a subspace of \mathbb{R}^2 ?

YES

NO

2. Answer each of the following questions. You do not need to explain your answer.

Suppose that $T : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ be the linear transformation with

$$T \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } T \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

What is $T \begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$?

Suppose that A is a 2×3 matrix and that the linear transformation $T(v) = Av$ is onto. Describe the solutions of $Ax = 0$.

- (a) a line in \mathbb{R}^2
- (b) \mathbb{R}^2
- (c) a line in \mathbb{R}^3
- (d) a plane in \mathbb{R}^3
- (e) none of the above

Assume that A , B , C , and X are invertible $n \times n$ matrices. Solve for X .

$$XA + B = C$$

What is the inverse of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$?

3. Complete this definition: a set of vectors $\{v_1, \dots, v_k\}$ is *linearly independent* if...

Find all values of k so that the following set of vectors is linearly dependent.

$$\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 3 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ k \\ -7 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$$

4. Let $T : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ be the linear transformation given by

$$T \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x + y \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

and let $U : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ be the reflection over the x -axis.

What is the matrix for T ?

What is the matrix for U ?

Is T one-to-one? YES NO

What is the matrix for $T \circ U$?

What is the range of $T \circ U$?

5. Consider the following matrix and its reduced row echelon form:

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 & 3 \\ -2 & 4 & -8 \end{pmatrix} \rightsquigarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Find a basis for $\text{Nul}(A)$.

What is the dimension of $\text{Col}(A)$?

Find a basis B for $\text{Col}(A)$.

What is

$$\left[\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 1 \\ 4 \\ -10 \end{pmatrix} \right]_B ?$$

Problem	Score
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
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